



# Audit Committee Update

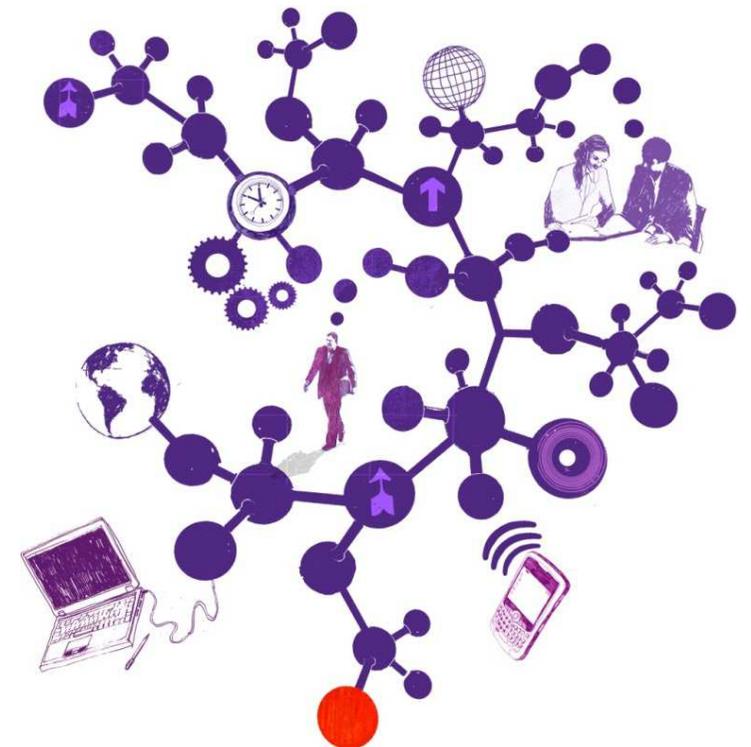
**Year ended 31 March 2015**

March 2015

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The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect your business or any weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

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# Introduction

This paper provides the Audit Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors. The paper also includes:

- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you; and
- a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider.

Members of the Audit Committee can find further useful material on our website [www.grant-thornton.co.uk](http://www.grant-thornton.co.uk), where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector (<http://www.grant-thornton.co.uk/en/Services/Public-Sector/>). Here you can download copies of our publications including:

- All aboard? our local government governance review 2015
- Stronger futures: development of the local government pension scheme
- Rising to the challenge: the evolution of local government, summary findings from our fourth year of financial health checks of English local authorities
- 2020 Vision, exploring finance and policy future for English local government
- Where growth happens, on the nature of growth and dynamism across England

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Audit Manager.

# Progress at 31 March 2015

Work	Planned date	Complete?	Comments
<p><b>2014-15 Accounts Audit Plan</b></p> <p>We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the council setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the council's 2014-15 financial statements.</p>	April 2015	Y	To the April Audit and Governance Committee
<p><b>Interim accounts audit</b></p> <p>Our interim fieldwork visit includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• updating our review of the Council's control environment</li> <li>• updating our understanding of financial systems</li> <li>• review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems</li> <li>• early work on emerging accounting issues</li> <li>• early substantive testing</li> <li>• proposed Value for Money conclusion.</li> </ul>	February 2015	N	We undertook our first interim visit in February and our findings are reflected in the audit plan. We are having a short second interim visit in April, partly to reflect the fact that there has been a ledger upgrade and a new income module but also to bring forward substantive testing – to reduce the pressure at the final accounts.
<p><b>2014-15 final accounts audit</b></p> <p>Including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• audit of the 2014-15 financial statements</li> <li>• proposed opinion on the Council's accounts</li> <li>• proposed Value for Money conclusion.</li> </ul>	August / September 2015	N	<p>Members of your finance team attended the CIPFA FAN final accounts training at our offices in February.</p> <p>We also meet with your officers regularly to discuss current and emerging issues.</p>

# Progress at 31 March 2015

Work	Planned date	Complete?	Comments
<p><b>Value for Money (VfM) conclusion</b></p> <p>The scope of our work to inform the 2014/15 VfM conclusion comprises:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The organisation has proper arrangements in place for securing financial resilience</li> <li>• The organisation has proper arrangements for challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness</li> </ul>	30 September 2015	N	<p>We have completed our initial risk assessment and this is reflected in the Audit Plan.</p> <p>We will undertake our detailed risk assessment after the outturn is known. We will also review the assumptions around savings, and progress on delivery over the summer.</p> <p>We will follow up the recommendations in the 2013/14 Audit Findings Report.</p>
<p><b>Other activity undertaken</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We have met with your Executive Director (Finance and Resources) and Chief Executive to discuss current issues.</li> <li>• We have provided updates on technical issues and other guidance judged to be appropriate</li> <li>• We have met with your benefits team to discuss matters arising from last year and plans for this years subsidy claim.</li> </ul>	n/a	n/a	

# All Aboard? - Local Government Governance Review 2015

## Grant Thornton

Our fourth annual review of local government governance is available at <http://www.grant-thornton.co.uk/en/Publications/2015/Local-Government-Governance-review-2015-All-aboard1/>.

We note that the challenges faced by local authorities are intensifying as austerity and funding reductions combine with demographic pressures and technological changes to create a potential threat to the long-term sustainability to some organisations. Maintaining effective governance is becoming ever more complex and increasingly important.

Against this background we have focused this year's review on three key areas:

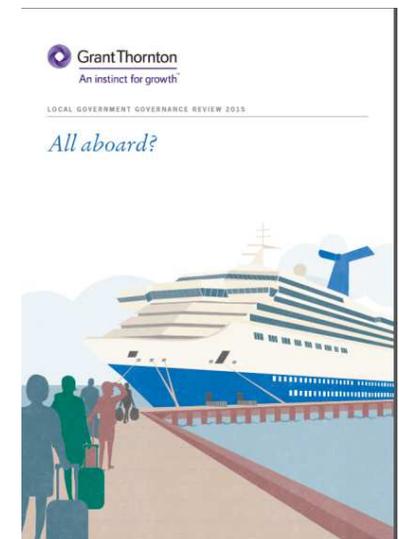
**Governance of the organisation** – the main area of concern highlighted in this year's governance survey  
Is the level of dissatisfaction with the scrutiny process.

**Governance in working with others** – there is an urgent need for scrutiny to exercise good governance over the complex array of partnerships in which local authorities are now involved. Boundary issues notwithstanding, by 'shining a light' on contracted-out activities and joint operations or ventures, scrutiny committees can bring a new level of transparency and accountability to these areas

**Governance of stakeholder relations** – despite the work that a number of local authorities are doing with the public on 'co-production', almost a third of respondents to our survey did not think their organisation actively involves service users in designing the future scope and delivery of its services.

We conclude that local authorities need to ensure that their core objectives and values are fulfilled through Many other agencies . This implies a greater role for scrutiny and a need to make sure local public sector Bodies' arrangements are a transparent as possible for stakeholders.

Hard copies of our report are available from your Engagement Lead or Audit Manager.



# Independent Commission into Local Government Finance

## Local government issues

The Independent Commission on Local Government Finance was established in 2014 to examine the system of funding local government in England and bring forward recommendations on how it can be reformed to improve funding for local services and promote sustainable economic growth. It published its final report, [Financing English Devolution](#), on 18 February 2015.

The report notes that the core of the Commission's proposition is the devolution of powers, funding and taxes to sub-national entities over a 10 year period. They estimate that this could lead to over £200 billion in public expenditure being controlled at a sub-national level. The expectation is that councils and their partners would work collaboratively to manage differences in capacity and resources. They see local areas becoming self sufficient.

The Commission advocates a 'variable speed' approach to reform with 'Pioneers' able to and wishing to reform at a faster pace. Reforms advocated for all authorities include:

- An independent review of the functions and sustainability of local government in advance of the next spending review
- Freedom to set council tax and council tax discounts and full retention of business rates and business rates growth
- Multi-year financial settlements
- The ability to raise additional revenue through the relaxation of the rules on fees and charges

'Pioneer' authorities would also implement:

- Single placed-based budgets for all public services
- Management of funding equalisation across a sub-national area
- Further council tax reforms including the ability to vary council tax bands and undertake revaluations
- Newly assigned and new taxes such as stamp duty, airport taxes and tourism taxes
- The establishment of Local Public Accounts Committees to oversee value for money across the placed-base budget.

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# Help into work programmes

## Local government issues

In its press release of 12 January 2015 the LGA reported that more than one million unemployed people are falling through cracks in national work schemes that are failing to reach some of the most vulnerable jobseekers. It warned that whilst councils are being left to pick up the pieces to prevent more vulnerable people slipping further into long-term unemployment and disengagement they cannot afford to continue resolving the failings of these national schemes in their communities without the appropriate funding.

As a remedy the LGA calls on the next government to commit to devolving all nationally-run education, skills and employment schemes to local areas so councils can join-up services to support their most vulnerable residents. A report published by the National Institute of Economic and Social Research (NIESR), commissioned by the LGA, explores in detail how a sample of councils across the country have provided a safety net for their most vulnerable and hardest to reach residents. The NIESR report's lead author, Dr Heather Rolfe, said:

*"Local authorities have a unique position in their communities, are able to bring services together, forging partnerships and strengthening referral networks. It is through such work that they are able to help unemployed people who are beyond the reach of national programmes."*

# DCLG – Build to rent scheme

## Local government issues

Housing Minister Lewis Brandon announced on 10 January 2015 a £55 million deal to provide nearly 800 homes for private sector rent in Manchester and Salford as part of the government's wider £1 billion [Build to Rent scheme](#), which has the objective of building 10,000 new homes for private rent. The Chief Executive of the Homes and Communities Agency (HCA) Andy Rose said:

*"this is a major investment in the private rented sector in Manchester. It demonstrates how the HCA, working closely with partners, is combining financial and local expertise to increase the private rented choice in areas where there is a high demand for homes".*

As part of its strategy of creating a bigger and better private rented sector the government has also

- published a [How to rent](#) guide, so tenants and landlords know their rights and what to expect when renting privately
- published a [model tenancy agreement](#), so tenants who want to ask for longer tenancy agreements have the opportunity to do so;
- introduced a new requirement for letting agents to belong to one of three redress schemes, so the minority of tenants and landlords who get a raw deal have somewhere to go with their complaint

# Provision for Business Rates Appeals

## Accounting and audit issues

### Unlodged appeals

The Chancellor's Autumn Statement included a change to the rules relating to business rates appeals. As a result we do not expect to see any provisions for unlodged appeals in local authorities' 2014/15 accounts, although we will expect this to be re-considered for 2015/16 accounts.

The change restricts the backdating of Valuation Office Agency (VOA) alterations to rateable values. Only VOA alterations made before 1 April 2016 and ratepayers' appeals made before 1 April 2015 can now be backdated to the period between 1 April 2010 and 1 April 2015. The aim is to put authorities in the position as if the revaluation had been done in 2015 as initially intended, before the deadline was extended to 2017.

There may be some fluctuations in provisions at 31 March 2015 as unlodged appeals provisions are released. However, there may also be increased numbers of appeals lodged prior to 31 March 2015. These appeals may be more speculative in nature and therefore authorities may need to consider whether prior year assumptions remain valid in estimating their provisions.

### Utilisation of provision

As part of the provisions disclosures in the accounts, local authorities need to disclose additional provisions made in the year, the amounts used (i.e. incurred and charged against the provision) during the year and unused amounts reversed during the year.

We understand that the software used for business rates may not provide values for the amounts charged against the provision during the year and that there is no simple software solution for this for 2014/15. Local authorities will need to consider available information and make an estimate of the amount for appeals settled in the year.

# Earlier closure and audit of accounts

## Accounting and audit issues

Legislation was recently passed to bring forward the deadlines for the preparation and audit of Local Government financial statements from 2017/18 onwards. The timeframes for the preparation of the financial statements and their subsequent audit will be reduced by one month and two months respectively as follows:

- Deadline for preparation of financial statements – 31 May (currently 30 June)
- Deadline for audit completion – 31 July (currently 30 September)

Although July 2018 is over 3 years away, both local authorities and their auditors will have to make real changes in how they work to ensure they are 'match-fit' to achieve this deadline. This will require leadership from members and senior management.

Local government accountants and their auditors should start working on this now.

Top tips for local authorities:

- make preparation of the draft accounts and your audit a priority, investing appropriate resources to make it happen
- make the year end as close to 'normal' as possible by carrying out key steps each and every month
- discuss potential issues openly with auditors as they arise throughout the year
- agree key milestones, deadlines and response times with your auditor
- agree exactly what working papers are required.

Auditors are already working on bringing forward more testing to before the financial statements are prepared and will be discussing further changes with local authorities including greater use of estimates in the accounts which will enable the audits to be brought forward further.

Some authorities currently produce their financial statements ahead of the current deadline, or have plans to do so in 2014/15, and some audits are completed before 31 July.

We will be assessing how this has been achieved and will share our findings in a national report, expected in early 2016.



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